## Measuring DSO Traditional method versus OIKOS Delos®

Traditional DSO Metric	
$= \frac{\text{Accounts Receivable}}{\text{Total Credit Sales}} \times$	Number of Days
OR	
$= \left[ \frac{\text{Accounts Receivable}}{\left( \frac{\text{Total Credit Sales}}{\text{Number of Days}} \right)} \right]$	

## Illustration- Company A calculates a 3 month DSO forecast or DSO actual

<ul> <li>a. Company A's AR end of 3rd month of business is \$1,000,000</li> <li>b. The Total Credit Sales for the 3 mo period = 1,800,000</li> </ul>	Days in Company A's Fiscal Month	
b3 500,000 month 3	28	4 week
b2 850,000 month 2	28	4 week
b1 450,000 month 1	35	5 week
c. Number of days representing 3 month period	91	13 weeks
Traditional metric =		
1,000,000/1,800,000 x 91 = AR	1.000.000	
Total Credit Sales	1.800.000	
DSO = 50.6 days	0,56	50,56
OIKOS Delos® metric =		
a - b3/b2 x b2days + b3 days AR	1.000.000	
b3 credit sales	500.000	
b3 credit sales / b2 credit sales x b2 days + b3 days	500.000	850.000
DSO = 44.5 days	0,59	44,47
	How does this affect	
measurement		
	efficiency, planning &	
Difference between Traditional metric & OIKOS Delos ${ m I\!R}$ $lacksquare$ 6.4 days	materiality?	
If daily AR lockbox was quantified at an AVG ~ \$21,505 ; 6.4 days =	137.632	14%

<u>od were reversed</u>		
	35	5 week
	28	4 week
	28	4 week
	91	13 weeks
	500.000	850.000
DSO = 51.5 days	0,59	51,47
, (     	An increase of 7 days due to increase in Month 3 days @ 35 nstead of 28	
<u>od were</u>		
	31	
	28	
	31	
	90	13 weeks
	500.000	850.000
DSO = 47.5 days	0,59	47,47
	DSO = 51.5 days f pd were DSO = 47.5 days	35       28         28       28         91       500.000         DSO = 51.5 days       0,59         An increase of 7 days due to increase in Month 3 days @ 35 instead of 28         od were       31         28       31         90       500.000         DSO = 47.5 days       0,59